

Lifted Model Checking for Relational MDPs (PCTL-REBEL)

PROBLEM STATEMENT

Given

a Relational MDP M (can be infinitely large) and a pCTL property ϕ

Find

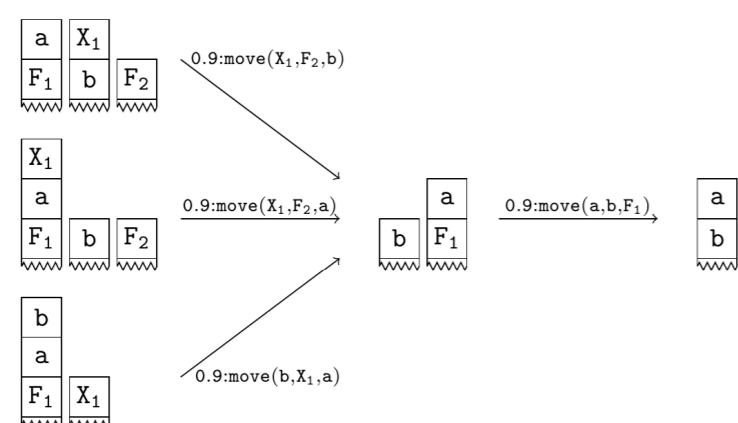
all (infinitely many) states in the RMDP that satisfy the property

CONTRIBUTIONS

- ▶ A framework for Lifted Model Checking in relational domains
- ▶ Lifting: works at a more abstract relational level where variables are only instantiated when needed
- ▶ An implementation that outperforms state-of-the-art model checkers in relational domains
- ▶ A theoretical proof that pCTL model checking is decidable for relational MDPs that have a infinite domain, provided that the states have a bounded size

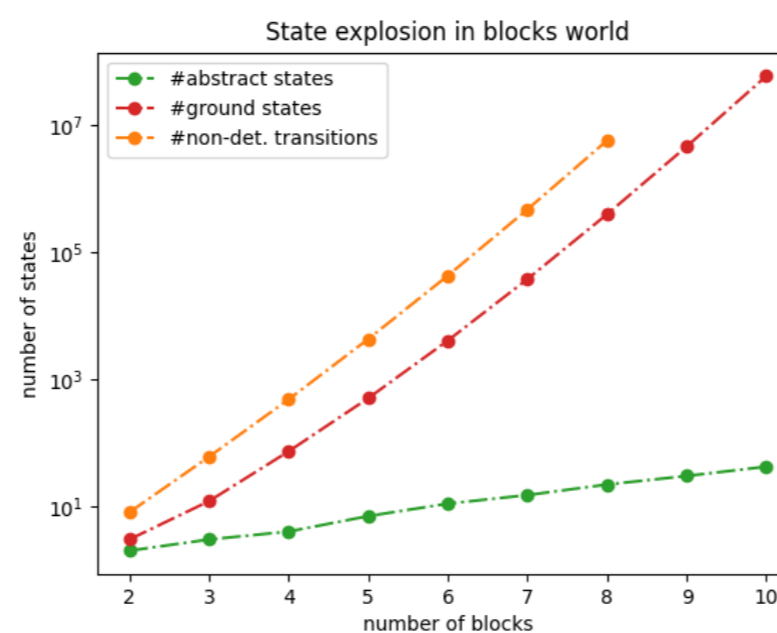
REBEL

Relational Bellman Operator for Logical Regression



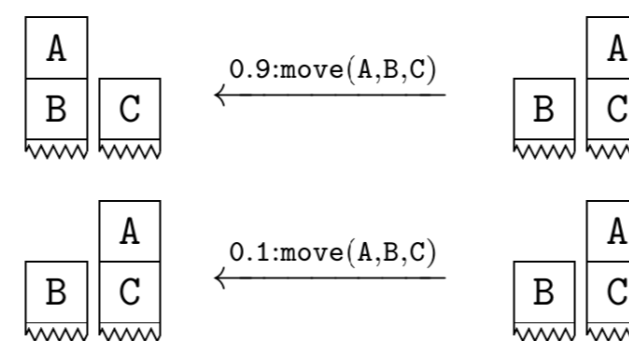
WHY? SCALABILITY

Blocks World. Number of blocks grows \Rightarrow Number of ground states explodes. However, the number of abstract states is more resilient.



INGREDIENTS

- ▶ Relational MDP uses variables to compactly represent a ground MDP $\langle S, A, T \rangle$.



- ▶ PCTL (Probabilistic Computational Tree Logic) E.g. The machine gives a warning before shutting down with a probability higher than 0.95.

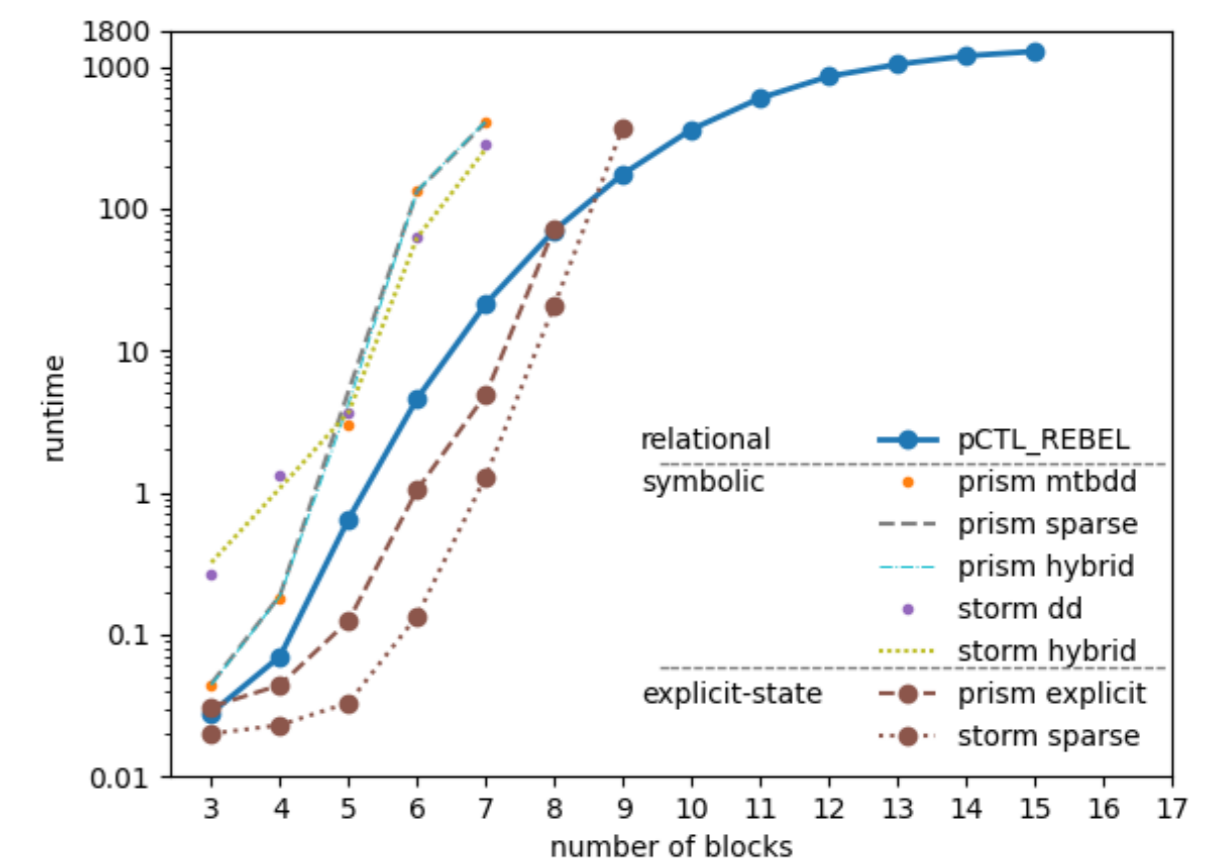
state formula $\phi ::= \text{true} \mid l \mid \neg l \mid \phi \wedge \phi \mid P_{\bowtie p}[\psi]$

path formula $\psi ::= X \phi \mid \phi U^{\leq k} \phi \mid \phi U \phi$

where l is an atom (that can contain variables), p is a probability and that $0 \leq p \leq 1$, $k \in \mathbb{N}$ is a step bound and $\bowtie \in \{\leq, <, \geq, >\}$.

RESULTS

- ▶ We compare to Symbolic Model Checking and other state-of-the-art model checkers PRISM and STORM
- ▶ $P_{\geq 0.5}[F^{\leq 10} \text{on}(a, b)]$
- ▶ Lifted Model Checking > Explicit State > Symbolic Model Checking
- ▶ PRISM handles at most 8 blocks ($3.9e5$ states)
- ▶ STORM handles at most 9 blocks ($4.6e5$ states)
- ▶ PCTL-REBEL handles at most 15 blocks ($6.5e13$ states)



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